<b>Sannica</b> Challenge the ordinary				Grupo Garnica Plywood			
	SAFETY DATA SHEET		Prepared by		Dpto. Calidad y Dpto. PRL		
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# 1. Identification

Product	Duraply					
Use	To be used as building materials or for industrial purposes.					
Place of manufacturing	Spain: Baños de Río Tobía (La Rioja)					
	Fuenmayor (La Rioja)					
	Valencia de Don Juan (León)					
Contact details	Grupo Garnica Plywood S.L.					
	Parque San Miguel 10 Bajos					
	26007 Logroño –La Rioja-					
	http://www.garnica.one					
	quality@garnica.one					
	Phone number +34 941 51 23 53					

### 2. <u>Hazards identification</u>



GHS08: Health hazard

- a) <u>Primary health hazards</u>: The product is not dangerous the way it is sold. However, products resulting from its handling (when cutting or sanding, for example) can be; primary health hazard is wood dust exposure.
- b) <u>Primary exposure ways:</u>
- **Respiratory tract:** Dust inhalation.

Acute health hazards: Wood dust can cause respiratory irritation, nasal dryness, coughing, sneezing, and wheezing because of dust inhalation.

Formaldehyde may cause temporary irritation of the respiratory system.

**Chronic health hazards:** Wood dust from certain species may cause respiratory sensitization through prolonged or repeated exposure or high levels of dust exposure. Prolonged wood dust exposure has been related to nasal cancer.

Formaldehyde may cause sensitization in susceptible individuals. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) classifies formaldehyde as a human carcinogen.

**Medical conditions generally aggravated by exposure:** Wood dust may aggravate pre-existing respiratory conditions or allergies.

• **Eye contact**: Due to dust contact with eyes.

**Acute health hazards:** Wood dust can cause eye irritation. Formaldehyde may cause irritation on eyes.

Skin contact: Due to dust contact with skin.

Acute health hazards: Wood dust can cause mechanical irritation on skin, resulting in erythema and urticarial.

**Chronic health hazards:** Wood dust from certain species may cause allergic contact dermatitis in sensitized individuals.

Medical conditions generally aggravated by exposure: Wood dust can aggravate allergies.

- Dermal absorption: Will not occur, under normal use conditions.
- Ingestion: Will not occur, under normal use conditions.
- c) <u>Hazards not otherwise classified:</u>
- Dust originated when handling the panels is flammable.
- Panels may release low formaldehyde emission.

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# 3. <u>Composition/information on ingredients</u>

The calculation has been based on historical average values.

Name	Chemical name CAS number		Content (weight)				
Wood	None	None	83-85%				
	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	<0.15%				
Adhesive	Melamine	108-78-1	<0.15%				
Adhesive	Polyoxymethylene melamine urea	25036-13-9	8-9%				
	Urea	57-13-6	<0.2%				
Salt complex	Ethanolamine	141-43-5	<1%				
	Copper (II) Carbonate Hydroxide	12069-69-1	<0.5%				
	Didecilmethylpoly(oxethyl) Ammonium Propionate	94667-33-1	<0.5%				
	Ethanediol	107-21-1	<0.2%				
Other components below the mandatory reportable levels.							

## 4. <u>First-aid measures</u>

a) <u>Necessary measures, according to routes of exposure:</u>

**Inhalation:** In case of suffering the effects of dust inhalation, remove yourself from the exposure area. Renew air in workspace. In the case of irregular breathing, give artificial respiration. Seek medical advice if irritation, coughing, or breathing problems persist.

**Eye contact:** Consider dust in eyes as any other foreign object; do not rub eyes, rinse thoroughly with water to take any dust particle out of the eyes. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

**Skin contact:** In case of irritation, wash affected area with soap and water. Seek medical advice if rush, irritation, or dermatitis persist.

**Dermal absorption:** Not applicable, under normal use conditions. **Ingestion:** Not applicable, under normal use conditions.

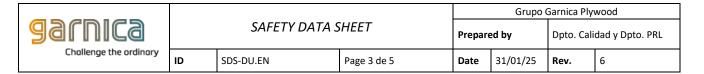
- b) Most important symptoms / effects, acute and delayed: See point 2.
- c) <u>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:</u> Seek medical advice in described situations (point 4.a).

# 5. <u>Fire-fighting measures</u>

- a) <u>Suitable extinguishing media</u>: In case of fire, this is a Class A ordinary combustible material. Suitable extinguishing media:
  Water, chemical foam, and dry chemicals (often contained in class A or multi-purpose fire extinguishers) are suitable.
- b) <u>Specific hazards:</u> Avoid raising dust during firefighting works, as this can make a flammable dust cloud arise.
- c) <u>Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:</u> Nonspecial requirements; apply ordinary procedures for a wood fire.

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Solid material: no special measures are necessary.



# 7. <u>Handling and storage</u>

- Handling and storage conditions as per raw wood; no special attention required for the product.
- Store in a fresh, dry place with good ventilation. Do not expose to a direct flame.
- Avoid long or repeated breathing of wood dust.
- This product can release low concentrations of formaldehyde gases. Under normal use conditions, this product releases less than 0,05ppm formaldehyde according to CARB Phase 2 / TSCA Title VI requirements.
- Wood dust resulting from sawing, sanding, drilling... should be aspirated or collected for recovery or disposal.
- Avoid dusty conditions; good ventilation and regular cleaning are recommended.

#### 8. <u>Exposure controls / personal protection</u>

a) Exposure limits:

Component	CAS number	Agency	Exposure limit	Comments	
	None	OSHA	PEL-TWA 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust	
Wood		OSHA	PEL-TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Breathable fraction	
		ACGIH	TLV-TWA 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction	
		OSHA	PEL-TWA 0.75 ppm	Free formaldehyde resin <1%	
	50-00-0	ECHA	LTEL 0.37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 0.74 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Adhesive		ACGIH	TLV-TWA 0.12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TLV-STEL 0.37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NA	
	108-78-1	ECHA	NDA	Inclusion in the Candidate List of very high concern substances.	
Salt complex	141-43-5	OSHA	PEL-TWA 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NA	
		ECHA	LTEL 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 7.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	12069-69-1	OSHA	PEL-TWA 1mg/m <sup>3</sup> dust	NA	
	107-21-1	omplex	ACGIH	TLV-STEL 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TLV-TWA 25 ppm	Inhalable fraction Vapor fraction
		OSHA	Ceiling 40 ppm (100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	NA	
		ECHA	LTEL 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

- b) <u>Appropriate engineering controls</u>: Not required.
- Implement both general and localized extraction systems, capturing wood dust as close as possible to the point of emission. Design these systems taking into account the trajectory of the dust particles and the speed at which they are generated.
- For operations that generate a lot of dust, isolation within vacuum cabins is recommended. Equipment must have effective suction systems.
- Ensure that the installation has general ventilation, compatible with localized extractions.
- c) Individual protection measures:
- RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: preferably type respiratory mask FFP3 EN 149 must be used during all machining and/or cutting operations and in all operations that involve the presence of suspended dust, such as cleaning machine and areas.
- HAND PROTECTION: Protective gloves are not required, though it is recommended. Fabric or leather gloves are recommended to minimize mechanical damage by chips or mechanical irritation by manipulation of the product.
- EYE PROTECTION: Not required. It is recommended to use security glasses during panel's machining.
- SKIN PROTECTION: Not required.



# 9. <u>Physical and chemical properties</u>

- a) <u>Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)</u>: solid panel, light greenish brown.
- b) <u>Odor</u>: NA
- c) Odor threshold: NA
- d) <u>pH:</u> NA
- e) <u>Melting point / freezing point</u>: NA
- f) Initial boiling point and boiling range: NA
- g) Flash point: NA
- h) Evaporation rate: NA
- i) Flammability (solid, gas): NA
- j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: NA
- k) Vapor pressure: NA
- I) Vapor density: NA
- m) <u>Relative density</u>: 350-600kg/m<sup>3</sup> (21,85-37,46 lb./ft<sup>3</sup>)
- n) <u>Solubiliy (ies</u>); NA
- o) <u>Partition coefficient: N-octanol/water</u>: NA
- p) Auto-ignition temperature: 204,4-260°C (399,92-500°F), as wood
- q) Decomposition temperature: NA
- r) <u>Viscosity</u>: NA

# 10. Stability and reactivity

- a) <u>Chemical stability</u>: Stable and non-reactive product. Non dangerous reactions known under normal use conditions
- b) <u>Conditions to avoid</u>: Avoid direct flame. This product can burn at temperatures over 204,4<sup>o</sup>C (399,92<sup>o</sup>F).
- c) <u>Incompatible materials:</u> Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.
- d) <u>Hazardous decomposition products</u>: Thermal decomposition products include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes, organic acids and copper traces. Combustion smoke can be irritating.

#### 11. Toxicological information

- a) <u>Acute toxicity</u>; May cause allergic reactions. May cause respiratory irritation.
- b) <u>Skin corrosion/irritations</u>; Long contact with skin may cause irritation.
- c) <u>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</u>; Wood dust may cause eye irritation.
- d) <u>Respiratory or skin sensitization</u>; If dust breathing, this may cause allergy, asthma and respiratory difficulties. May cause allergic skin reaction.
- e) <u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>; No information available.
- f) <u>Carcinogenicity</u>: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) classifies wood dust and formaldehyde as a human carcinogen.
- g) <u>Reproductive toxicity</u>: NA
- h) Specification target internal organs/systemic toxicity:
  - Single exposure: NA
  - Repeated exposure: NA
- i) Aspiration toxicity: NA.

# 12. Ecological information

- a) <u>Eco toxicity</u>: This product is not dangerous for the environment.
- b) <u>Persistence and degradability:</u> There is no information about product degradability.
- c) Bio accumulative potential: NA
- d) Mobility in soil: NA
- e) <u>Other adverse effects:</u> NA

# 13. Disposal considerations

- Dispose in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.
- Do not release dust from handling in drains, sewers, rivers, etc.

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# 14. Transport information

- There is no relevant specific information.

# 15. <u>Regulatory information</u>

- There is no relevant specific information.

## 16. Other information

- Disclaimer: The information and data herein are believed to be accurate and have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. Garnica makes no warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy or completeness of the information and data herein. Garnica will not be liable for claims relating to any part's use of or reliance on information and data contained herein regardless of whether it is claimed that the information and data are inaccurate, incomplete, or otherwise misleading. It is offered for your consideration, investigation, and verification. Due to possible technical changes, it is incumbent upon the user to obtain the most up to date information.
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